

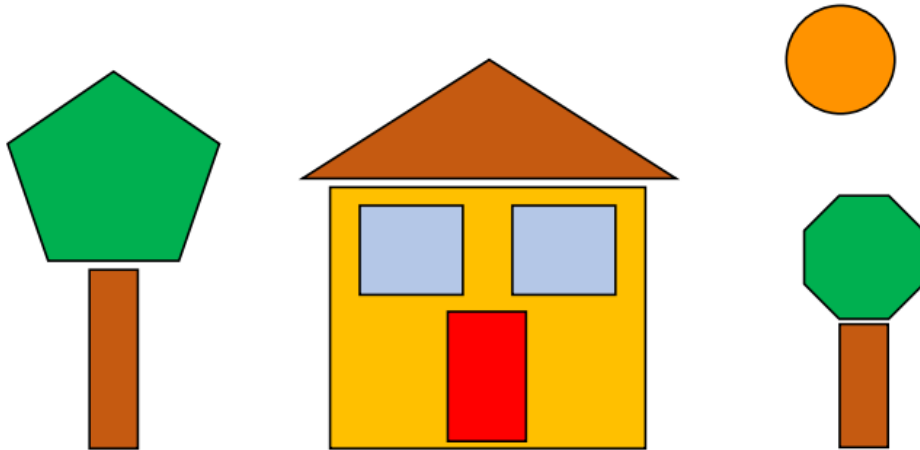
Year 2 – Maths Homework

To help you understand what we have been learning this week I would like you to complete the following questions into your homework book.

I would also like you to spend some time reading with an adult at home and to write this down in the reading record tracking sheet in the front of your homework book.

Remember homework is due in on **WEDNESDAY 23rd NOVEMBER.**

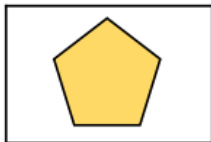
1. Count the number of vertices you can see in the picture below.



VF
HW/Ext

2. Join the matching sets.

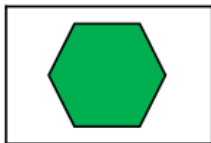
A.



6 vertices

octagon

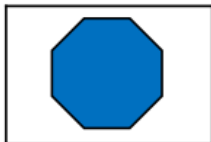
B.



5 vertices

hexagon

C.




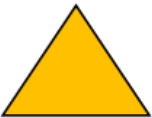
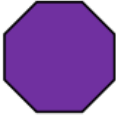




8 vertices

pentagon



VF
HW/Ext

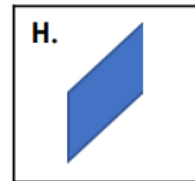
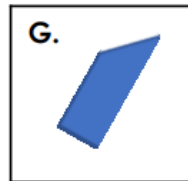
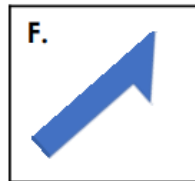
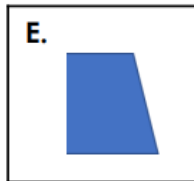
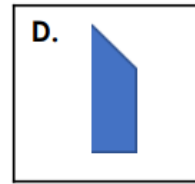
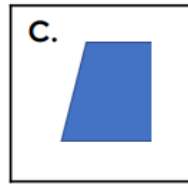
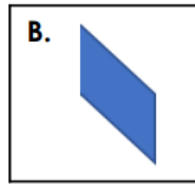
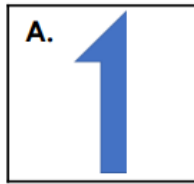
3. The shapes below have been sorted into the table by their vertices. Write an appropriate heading for each of the columns.



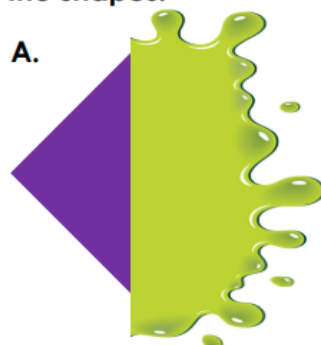
RPS
HW/Ext

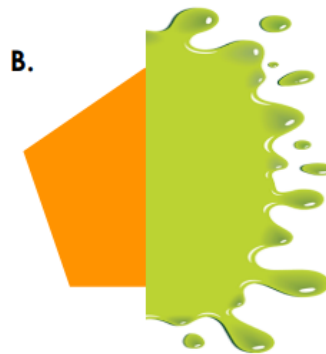
4. Jack has cut shapes in half along their vertical lines of symmetry. Match the halves to complete the shape.

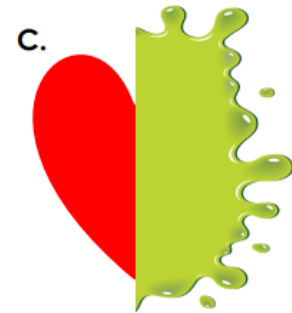


VF
HW/Ext

5. Billy has spilt paint on some shapes which all have a vertical line of symmetry. Name the shapes.



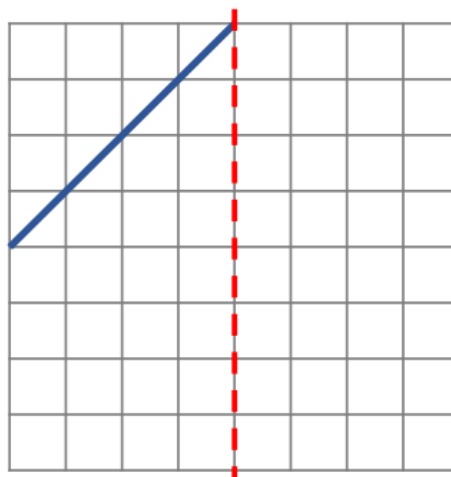






VF
HW/Ext

6. Complete the shape below. It must have a vertical line of symmetry and a total of 5 sides.



RPS
HW/Ext

Practice your 4 times table this week and use the sheets below to help you.

I can complete missing number calculations.

$4 \times \underline{\quad} = 12$

$4 \times \underline{\quad} = 40$

$4 \times \underline{\quad} = 20$

$4 \times \underline{\quad} = 24$

$4 \times \underline{\quad} = 8$

$4 \times \underline{\quad} = 4$

$4 \times \underline{\quad} = 4$

$4 \times \underline{\quad} = 32$

$4 \times \underline{\quad} = 0$

$4 \times \underline{\quad} = 0$

$4 \times \underline{\quad} = 16$

$4 \times \underline{\quad} = 12$

$4 \times \underline{\quad} = 40$

$4 \times \underline{\quad} = 36$

$4 \times \underline{\quad} = 24$

$4 \times \underline{\quad} = 32$

$4 \times \underline{\quad} = 0$

$4 \times \underline{\quad} = 36$

$4 \times \underline{\quad} = 0$

$4 \times \underline{\quad} = 16$

$4 \times \underline{\quad} = 8$

$4 \times \underline{\quad} = 8$

$4 \times \underline{\quad} = 8$

$4 \times \underline{\quad} = 4$

$4 \times \underline{\quad} = 24$

$4 \times \underline{\quad} = 12$

$4 \times \underline{\quad} = 40$

$4 \times \underline{\quad} = 4$

$4 \times \underline{\quad} = 36$

$4 \times \underline{\quad} = 32$

$4 \times \underline{\quad} = 28$

$4 \times \underline{\quad} = 12$

I can complete 4 times table calculations.

$0 \times 4 = \underline{\quad}$

$1 \times 4 = \underline{\quad}$

$2 \times 4 = \underline{\quad}$

$3 \times 4 = \underline{\quad}$

$4 \times 4 = \underline{\quad}$

$5 \times 4 = \underline{\quad}$

$6 \times 4 = \underline{\quad}$

$7 \times 4 = \underline{\quad}$

$8 \times 4 = \underline{\quad}$

$9 \times 4 = \underline{\quad}$

$10 \times 4 = \underline{\quad}$

I can complete 4 times table calculations.

$4 \times 0 = \underline{\quad}$

$4 \times 1 = \underline{\quad}$

$4 \times 2 = \underline{\quad}$

$4 \times 3 = \underline{\quad}$

$4 \times 4 = \underline{\quad}$

$4 \times 5 = \underline{\quad}$

$4 \times 6 = \underline{\quad}$

$4 \times 7 = \underline{\quad}$

$4 \times 8 = \underline{\quad}$

$4 \times 9 = \underline{\quad}$

$4 \times 10 = \underline{\quad}$

I can complete missing number calculations.

$4 \times \square = 0$

$4 \times \square = 4$

$4 \times \square = 8$

$4 \times \square = 12$

$4 \times \square = 16$

$4 \times \square = 20$

$4 \times \square = 24$

$4 \times \square = 28$

$4 \times \square = 32$

$4 \times \square = 36$

$4 \times \square = 40$